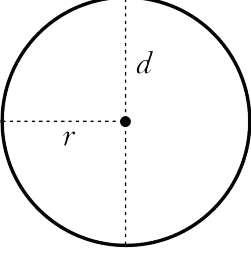
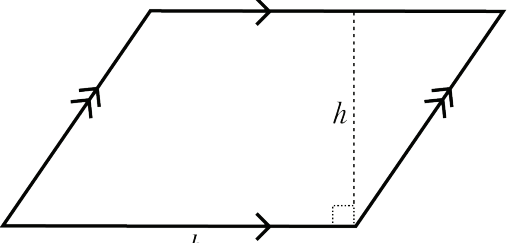
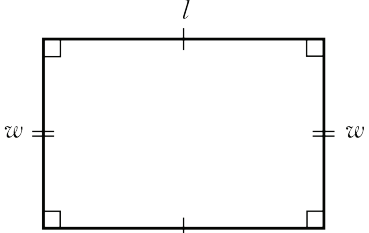
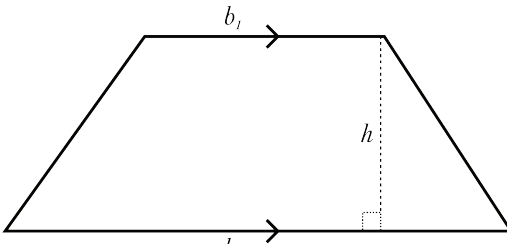
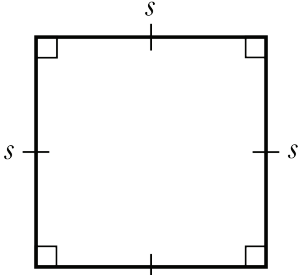
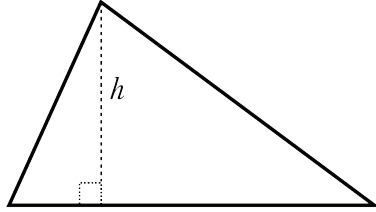
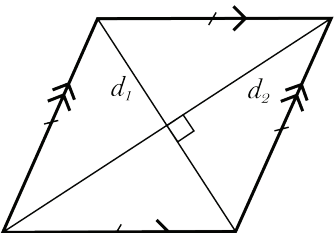
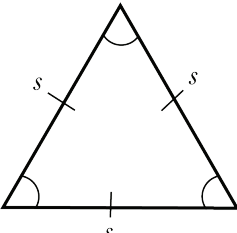


Quick Reference: Formulas for 2D Geometric Shapes

 <p>Circle</p> <p>$Area_{circle} = \pi r^2$</p> <p>$Circumference_{circle} = 2\pi r = \pi d$</p>	 <p>Parallelogram</p> <p>$Area_{parallelogram} = b \cdot h$</p>
 <p>Rectangle</p> <p>$Area_{rectangle} = l \cdot w$</p> <p>$Perimeter_{rectangle} = 2(l + w)$</p>	 <p>Trapezoid</p> <p>$Area_{trapezoid} = \left(\frac{b_1 + b_2}{2}\right) \cdot h$</p>
 <p>Square</p> <p>$Area_{square} = s^2$</p> <p>$Perimeter_{square} = 4s$</p>	 <p>Triangle</p> <p>$Area_{triangle} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)b \cdot h$</p>
 <p>Rhombus</p> <p>$Area_{rhombus} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)d_1 \cdot d_2$</p>	 <p>Equilateral Triangle</p> <p>$Perimeter_{equilateral triangle} = 3s$</p> <p>$Area_{equilateral triangle} = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}\right)s^2$</p>